



Mitigation, Mitigation Planning, and Plan Updates:

Breaking the Cycle



 Natural hazards are a part of our past and they will continue to occur.



 Damages and impacts from an event can be staggering and have long-term consequences.



Federal dollars are not always available to aid in the recovery process for every occurrence.

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Mitigation, Mitigation Planning, and Plan Updates:

Breaking the Cycle

Hazard mitigation:

- Sustained actions taken to eliminate or reduce long-term risk to people and property from future disasters.
- Breaks the cycle of disaster damage, reconstruction, and repeated damage.



Mitigation, Mitigation Planning, and Plan Updates:

Hazard mitigation plans:

- Identify potential hazards that may impact participating communities.
- Assess community risks and vulnerabilities.
- Set forth mitigation strategies to reduce identified risks.
 - Implementing these mitigation strategies will make our communities more sustainable and resilient to natural hazards.

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Mitigation, Mitigation Planning, and Plan Updates: Breaking the Cycle

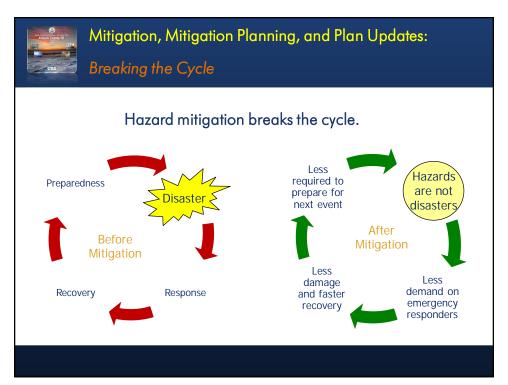


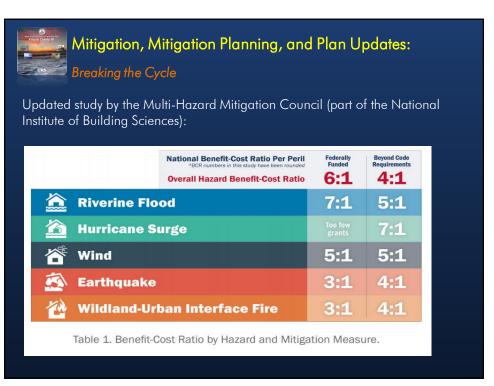
 Our communities are vulnerable to a variety of hazards ranging from floods, hurricanes, and severe winter weather to storms, extreme winds and heat waves.

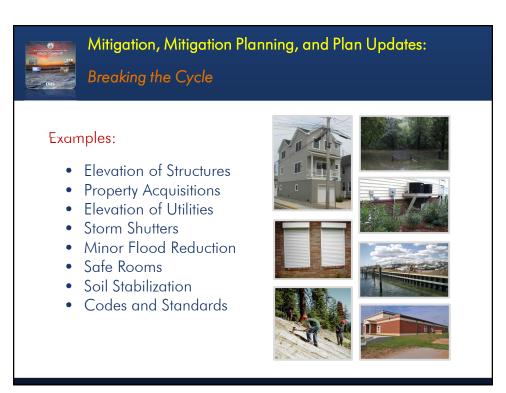


- When natural hazard events take place in undeveloped areas, no disaster occurs.
- The severity of a disaster depends on the intensity of the event, the number of people and structures exposed, and the effectiveness of pre-disaster mitigation actions in protecting people and property.











Mitigation, Mitigation Planning, and Plan Updates:

Goal:

More sustainable and disaster resilient communities.



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Our Plan, and its Second Update – In Context

The current Hazard Mitigation Plan:

- Is a requirement to comply with DMA 2000 and, in turn, eligibility to apply for hazard mitigation project grants
- Is multi-jurisdictional, with local municipalities participating as equal partners with the County
- Initial plan approved in 2010 (County + 19/23)
- First update approved in 2016 (County + 23/23)
- Second update kicked off in 2021



Our Plan, and its Second Update – In Context

Hazard mitigation plans must be:

- Developed to meet the requirements of DMA 2000
- Implemented on an ongoing basis (projects)
- Updated every five years

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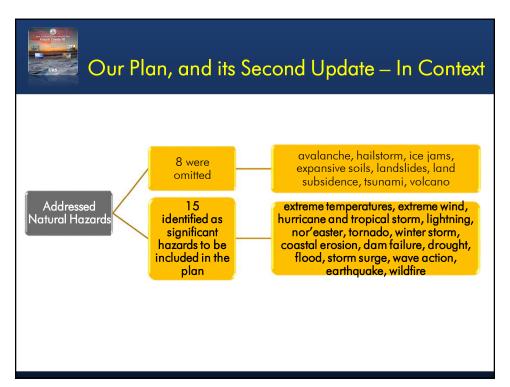
Our Plan, and its Second Update – In Context

Second plan update process is ongoing:

- Draft Update targeted for November 2021
- Initial plan, its first update, and this second update, have been funded by FEMA mitigation planning grants











The Plan Update and Participation Requirements

Regular updates ensure:

- That the plan remains applicable to present-day understanding of vulnerabilities based on most recent studies, reports, event histories, etc.; and
- That the plan continues to present the best path forward for reducing future damages when hazard events, inevitably, occur.

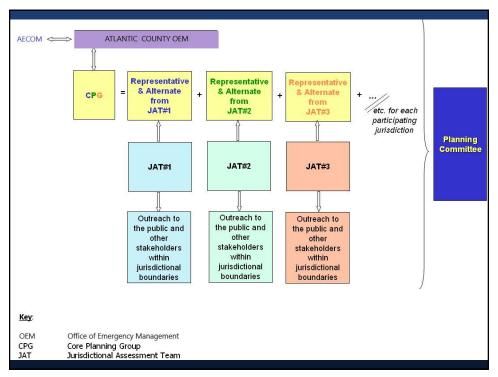
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The Plan Update and Participation Requirements

5-year Updates to Reflect CURRENT Conditions:

- Assess current development patterns and development pressures.
- Evaluate new hazard or risk information.
- Describe progress in local plan maintenance and plan integration efforts.
- Assess previous goals and actions.
- Summarize progress in implementing actions.
- Adjust actions to address current realities.
- Explain changes in priorities.
- Address changes in Federal/State requirements.





Benefits of Continued Participation

Continued Compliance with DMA 2000

- All jurisdictions who participate in the process will:
- Maintain compliance with DMA 2000 once FEMA approves the final updated plan and the jurisdiction's local governing body formally adopts it.
- Maintain eligibility to apply for FEMA Hazard Mitigation Assistance grants.



Benefits of Continued Participation

Collaboration and Partnerships

- Multi-jurisdictional planning committees can provide a forum for engaging in partnerships that could provide technical, financial, and/or staff resources to help reduce the effects, and hence the costs, of hazards.
- Multi-jurisdictional planning creates economies of scale.

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Benefits of Continued Participation

Implemented hazard mitigation measures will reduce:

- The risk of damage to lives and property.
- The impacts of a hazard event on the economic and social fabric of a community.
- Response time and costs.



Benefits of Continued Participation

Once the plan is approved, jurisdictions that participate fully will be eligible to apply for grant funding for projects like these:

- Acquire/elevate/ floodproof/ relocate structures
- Road raising/relocation
- Culvert upgrades
- Bridge retrofits
- Wind retrofits

- Utility system protective measures
- Minor localized flood reduction projects (inc. retention/ detention basins)
- Soil stabilization (geotextiles, rip rap, etc.)
- Wildfire mitigation (defensible space, ignition-resistant construction, fuel reduction)
- Generators and similar types of projects for energy resiliency

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Planning process just as with the original plan.

- Outreach to the public and other stakeholders.
- Update hazard and vulnerability data to reflect recent events, new data/studies/reports, etc.
- Update NFIP data (i.e., RLP, SRL, DFIRMs).
- Updates to reflect changes in development in hazard prone areas.



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- Describe status of each action in previous plan:
 - Completed? If not, why?
 - Still relevant?
 - Will it be carried forward? If not, why?
 - Have any priorities changed? If so, how/why?
- Update/expand mitigation strategies to ensure a comprehensive range of mitigation actions covering highest hazards and key risks and vulnerabilities in each jurisdiction.



Each municipality must directly participate and engage in the update in order to receive approval from FEMA and eligibility to apply for hazard mitigation projects grants.



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Plan Update: Participation Requirements

- Direct participation and engagement
- Representation from each jurisdiction
- Occur continuously throughout the plan update process timeline





Participating jurisdictions must:

- Attend meetings
- Conduct outreach throughout the project timeline
- Provide feedback (*worksheets*)
- Update their municipal mitigation action plans
- Review and comment on the Updated Plan Draft
- Implement the plan and monitor progress

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Outreach

- To the general public <u>and</u> other stakeholders
- Throughout the update process and during the plan maintenance phase
- Concerted efforts using various avenues

Note: Meetings with your own municipal staff members are JAT activities - not 'outreach'







Get the word out about the plan on a regular basis – starting now

Ideas for reaching the general public:

- Discuss the plan update at open public meetings (i.e., council meetings, planning board meetings, school board anything)
- Widely distribute the fact sheet (notice boards, mailing insert).
- Use municipal web sites and social media.
- Newsletters/newspapers and radio/tv.
- Ensure that the public and other stakeholders are invited to review and provide comments and feedback - particularly about updates to your action plan (projects), as well as on the Draft Plan Update document itself, when released this fall.



Who Are Other Stakeholders?

Must include:

- Neighboring communities
- Local and regional agencies involved in hazard mitigation activities
- Agencies that have authority to regulate development
- Other interests

Other interests, include:

- Non-profit organizations (i.e., Red Cross, Salvation Army)
- ◆ Environmental groups
- Historic preservation groups
- Church organizations
- Parks organizations
- State, federal, and local government offices
- Business and development organizations

- ◆ Transportation entities
- Emergency service providers
- ◆ Academic institutions
- Utility providers
- Hospitals
- ◆ Tribal groups
- ◆ Large businesses
- Regional planning organizations

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Participation Requirements: Outreach to the Public and Other Stakeholders

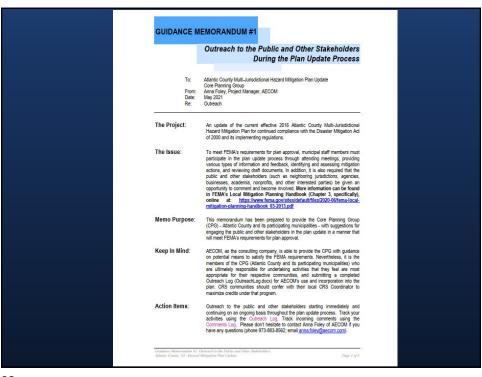
Get the word out about the plan on a regular basis – starting now

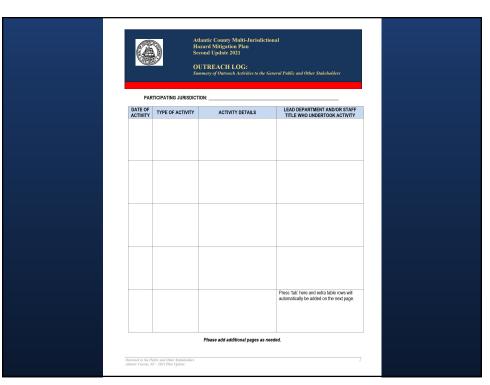
Targeted outreach to key stakeholders can be as simple as a phone call, letter or email sent to a list of key stakeholders that:

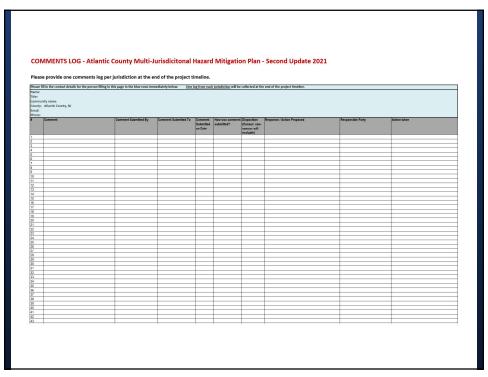
- Alerts them to the plan update.
- Provides them with a link to the County web site for more information on the process.
- Identifies a point of contact if they have detailed questions or would like to become involved.
- Offers to send them copies of meeting minutes and a notification when the Draft is released, on request.











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Project Timeline

START YOUR OUTREACH ACTIVITIES NOW AND CONTINUE THROUGHOUT THE PROJECT TIMELINE

- CPG Kickoff Meeting May 20, 2021
- CPG Progress Meetings Dates TBD
- County-led Public/Stakeholder Meetings Dates TBD
- Worksheet Feedback from All Participating Jurisdictions
 - Rollout May 27, 2021
 - Due August 17, 2021
 - Pencils Down September 16, 2021
- Draft to CPG Early November
- Draft to State Late November

